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XML SDK V7.2

# Remote Control Interface

By WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG



**WAVECOM®**  
NACHRICHTENTECHNIK

PUBLISHED BY  
WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG  
Hammerstrasse 8  
CH-8180 Buelach  
Switzerland

Phone            +41-44-872 70 60  
Fax            +41-44-872 70 66  
Email:        info@wavecom.ch  
Internet:      <http://www.wavecom.ch>

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# Welcome

Congratulations on your purchase of a WAVECOM decoder. The product that you bought incorporates the latest technology in data decoding together with the latest software release available at the time of shipment.

Please, check our website <http://www.wavecom.ch> for software updates.

Always check the latest documentation on the installation CD or on our website.

We thank you for choosing a WAVECOM decoder and look forward to work with you in the future.

This section introduces WAVECOM, the field of activity of the company, and how you may benefit from the expertise of WAVECOM.

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## Options

Various options to the decoder series are available from WAVECOM.

In the manual, options are marked with "(Option)".

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## Training

Please note, that WAVECOM is able to provide training on the WAVECOM XML interface. Training can be ordered to take place at a customer selected location or at our offices in Switzerland.

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## Company Profile

WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK GmbH was founded in 1985 in Hohentengen, Germany, close to the Swiss border. In 1991 the company moved to Switzerland and established itself as WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG. Now located in Buelach, it is within close vicinity of Zuerich airport.

The company has focused on decoding and analysis systems for wireless data transmissions. The product range is designed to cater to the requirements of professional monitoring.

The very high quality standards combined with high system performance are appreciated by customers worldwide. A global network of authorized sales partners ensures that local assistance and basic level support can be provided in most places. More than 95% of all units sold are exported. The majority of the customers are government agencies, defense organizations and the telecommunication industry.

About 40% of the turnover is invested in research and development. The employees at WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG are mainly engineers with experience in DSP technology, computer and RF hardware development, software engineering and radio data transmission. Access to external know-how and human resources enlarges the capabilities for realizing projects. Manufacturing is outsourced to specialized companies within Switzerland which can handle today's needs for processing surface mount components and fine-pitch structures.

WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG does not have any juridical or financial links or connections to other companies or official bodies and is wholly owned by its general manager, Mr. Christian Kesselring.

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## Revisions

Version	Date	Changes
Beta	20-Jul-2005	Initial draft
Release	25-Jan-2006	
1.1	15-Jul-2006	Added: BinaryFFT element fft-data-format frame-length frame-format
1.2	7-May-2007	Minor bug fixes

		<p>Added: passband-center passband-bandwidth MilStanagMessageType element</p>
1.3	25-Mar-2008	<p>New codes in table New diversity parameter New threshold-level parameter New layout Added&gt; ClassifierSetup element Get element - item classifiersetup settings</p>
1.4	13-Aug-2008	W-CODE added
1.5	15-Nov-2008	<p>Added: AlphabetList Element Get element - item New codes in table</p>
1.6	20-May-2009	<p>CustomInputList Element           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Get element - item (CustomInputList)</li> <li>• Set element - item (CustomInput)</li> </ul>           New codes in table            MilStanagMessageType:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parity changed</li> <li>• Display format changed</li> </ul>           robust-packet-radio replaced with robust-packet         </p>
1.7	11-Nov-2009	<p>IP-CONF: correction of wrong spelling Additional range information for the port number, sampling rate and number-of-channels attributes</p>
6.8.1	10-Feb-2010	<p>Release version system changed. In the future the XMLRCI manual and a software release will have identical release versions CustomInput element: sr-finetuning="" added IP-PXGF (Grintek) streaming format added DMR added PSK-63 added PSK-125 added PSK-250 added</p>
6.8.12	20-May-2010	<p>MilStanagMessageType element: display-format "ascii" removed and documentation changed CustomInput element: sr-finetuning="" removed Documentation improved and errors corrected</p>
7.0	22-Nov-2010	<p>Timeslot parameter removed SAT-A and METEOSAT removed CODAN renamed to CODAN-SELCAL Shift and center changed from short to integer. MilStanagMessageType "auto-detect" added. BR-6028 changed from demodulator type to mode dPMR added TETRA added X.25 added New parameters and commands added for Classifier-Code-Check (CCC)</p>
7.1	16-Mar-2011	<p>ClassifierSetup documentation completed "CC-timeout", "CC-table" etc. changed to lower case APCO-25 added</p>
7.2	27-Jul-2011	<p>Manual revised GW-OFDM added LINK-11 added cc-table-vhfdir and cc-table-vhfind added CC and CCC restart command added</p>

		Removed: AGC on, off, low-noise Changed: low pass
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## Issues

Version	Date	Issue
All	7-Feb-2011	<p>Incomplete un-installation of XML RCI SDK</p> <p>Cause:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A windows background application is started if you start the RCI test software. This software continues running even if the RCI test software is stopped. Because of this the directory is still in use if you start a un-installation of the XML RCI SDK and installation is incomplete.</li> </ul> <p>Solution:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Restart your computer</li> <li>• Run un-installation of the XML RCI SDK</li> </ul>

# XML Messages

## Scope

This section describes all XML messages used to interact with the WAVECOM Remote Control Interface (RCI) and contains information from the DTD (Document Type Definition). The DTD file is available in the XMLRCI installation folder.

## Constraints

The values used in the description of the XML messages are only valid in the XML Remote Control Interface context. In the context of the business logic of the WAVECOM decoders the values may be invalid.

## Message categories

Messages are divided into five categories:

Category	Direction	Data type
Data	Server to client	Text, images, binary data, analysis data
Metadata	Server to client	Parameter information
Command	Client to server	Settings
Information	Server to client	Settings
Error	Server to client	Error messages

**Data** messages contain data derived from the captured signal, i.e. text, images, binary or analysis data.

**Metadata** messages return parameter values.

**Command** messages allow the client to control the behavior of the server and the decoder(s) it controls.

**Information** messages provide information about the hardware, the software or hardware versions, the state of the decoders, and the state and configuration of the server.

**Error** messages provide information about server system errors (not errors in the decoded data).

# Encoding

The XML files are encoded in UTF-8, UTF-16 or Unicode.

## Message template

### XML header

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE Message SYSTEM "RCI/1.0/DTD/WAVECOM.dtd">
```

### Extended XML header

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE Message SYSTEM "RCI/1.0/DTD/WAVECOM.dtd">
<Message version="1.0" instance="0" subinstance="0" serial-nr="0210125807" date="20050412"
time="19:45:55:367">
Content
</Message>
```

The XML header is not interpreted by the server and may be included or omitted. For server messages the header is empty.

## Message elements

The implied attributes **instance**/**subinstance**, **serial-nr**, **date** and **time** only contain a value if the extended message header is set on the server. This can be done by sending a **set** configuration message.

### Attribute List

#### **version**

The message version is formatted as *major.minor* version. A server will handle all messages from a client as long as the major versions of the server and the client are equal and the minor version of the server is equal to or greater than the minor version of the client. This attribute is locked to the version of the DTD in the current Wavecom DTD.

#### **instance**

#### **subinstance**

In future decoder releases multiple codes may be instantiated on a single card. This feature requires that the server knows the destination of the message or the client knows the source of the message. These attributes are implied and are not used in this release.

#### **serial-nr**

The serial number of the decoder assigned to this client. This attribute is implied and represents a string.

#### **date**

Date of message creation. This attribute is implied and represents a string. The format of **date** is YYYYMMDD.

#### **time**

Time of message creation. This attribute is implied and represents a string. The format of **time** is hh:mm:ss:milliseconds.

#### **Content**

The content is a choice between the **Data**, **Metadata**, **Command**, **Information** and **Error** elements.

# Data messages

## Main data message tag

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Data>
Content
</Data>
</Message>
```

### Data element

#### **Content**

The content is a choice between one or more of the **Binary**, **Text**, **Graphic** and **Result** elements.

## Binary data messages

### Binary element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Data>
<Binary encoding="base64" bit-count="0">
Content
</Binary>
</Data>
</Message>
```

#### Attribute List

##### **encoding**

Indicates how the content is encoded. This attribute is required and may assume the values "base2", "base16", "base64" or "base64-mime". The difference between "base64" and "base64-mime" is the way the encoded string is terminated. Both encodings use the same character set, but "base64-mime" follows the specification for SMTP messages and aligns the string to four characters and fills unused positions with the padding character "=", whereas "base64" reduces the number of characters to just the ones required, depending on the bit count.

##### **bit-count**

Indicates the number of bits transferred excluding trailing zeros which are appended to achieve byte boundary alignment. This attribute is required and is a string representing a positive integer.

#### **Content**

The content is a string of data decoded by the decoder and encoded as described by the **encoding** attribute.

The IAS (ISO-ASYNCHRONOUS and SYNCHRONOUS modes) Bit Stream Output sends a raw, synchronized bit stream (FSK, some PSK only) to an external application. Before data can be transferred, the parameters of the decoder software (e.g. demodulator, shift frequency, center frequency etc.) must be set to correct values.

In case of "base2" encoding, a "FALSE" bit is encoded as character '0', "TRUE" as character '1'.

In case of "base16" encoding, 4 bits are encoded by their respective hexadecimal character, i.e '0' to 'F'

In case of "base64(-mime)" encoding, 6 bits are represented by a single character of the base64-code.

# Text data messages

## Text element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Data>
<Text channel="A" error-indication="no">
Content
</Text>
</Data>
</Message>
```

### Attribute List

#### **channel**

Specifies the channel from which decoded data originates. In case of single channel systems, the value is always channel "A". This attribute is required and may assume the values "A", "B", "C" and "D".

#### **error-indication**

Indicates an error in the decoded data. This attribute is required and is a choice between "no" or "yes".

**Note:** The channel information and the error indication are valid for all content of a single text element.

## Content

The content is either a **Translated** element, a **Raw** element, or both.

Translated element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Data>
<Text channel="A" error-indication="no">
<Translated alphabet="ita2-latin">
Text
</Translated>
Content
</Text>
</Data>
</Message>
```

### Attribute List

#### **alphabet**

Indicates which alphabet is used to translate the decoded data. This attribute is required and represents a string (for values, see section "Parameter names and values").

## Content

The content is translated text data.

## Raw element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Data>
<Text channel="A" error-indication="no">
Content
<Raw>
Text
</Raw>
</Text>
</Data>
</Message>
```

## **Content**

The content is the hexadecimal representation of the decoded data, not translated into any alphabet.

# **Graphic data messages**

## **Graphic element**

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Data>
<Graphic type="FFT">
Content
</Graphic>
</Data>
</Message>
```

### **Attribute List**

#### ***type***

Indicates which type of graphic data is sent. This attribute is required and is a string. Possible values are "FFT", "SSTV" and "Fax".

#### **Content**

The content is a sequence of **AxisInfo** and **GraphicData** elements.

## **AxisInfo element**

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Data>
<Graphic type="FFT">
<AxisInfo count="2">
Content
</AxisInfo>
Content
</Graphic>
</Data>
</Message>
```

### **Attribute List**

#### ***count***

Indicates how many axes are described. This attribute is required and represents an integer.

#### **Content**

The content is a sequence of one or more **Axis** elements.

## **Axis element**

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Data>
<Graphic type="FFT">
<AxisInfo count="2">
<Axis name="x" unit="Hz" max="4000" min="0"/>
<Axis name="y" unit="db" max="0" min="-60"/>
</AxisInfo>
Content
</Graphic>
</Data>
</Message>
```

### **Attribute List**

#### ***name***

The name of the axis. This attribute is a choice between "x", "y" and "z".

## **unit**

Unit of the values on the axis. This attribute is required and is a string, the value depends on the selected mode.

## **max**

Maximum possible value. This attribute is required and represents an integer, the value depends on the selected mode.

## **min**

Minimum possible value. This attribute is required and represents an integer, the value depends on the selected mode.

## **Content**

This element has no content.

# **GraphicData element**

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Data>
<Graphic type="FFT">
Content
<GraphicData count="2">
Content
</GraphicData>
</Graphic>
</Data>
</Message>
```

## **Attribute List**

### **count**

Indicates the number of pixels (points) returned. This attribute is required and represents an integer. Count is 1 in case of type "Fax" and 2 in case of "FFT" and "SSTV".

## **Content**

The content is a sequence of one or more **Point** elements or a single **BinaryFFT** element.

# **Point element**

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Data>
<Graphic type="FFT">
Content
<GraphicData count="2">
<Point x="0" y="-20.25" z="" rgb="" />
<Point x="1" y="-40.5" z="" rgb="" />
</GraphicData>
Content
</Graphic>
</Data>
</Message>
```

## **Attribute List**

### **x, y, z**

The coordinates of the returned pixel. These attributes are implied and represents integers or floating point values depending on the type of graphic.

### **rgb**

RGB color information values. This attribute is implied and is a string. It is sent in a hex format 0xRRGGBB, where each of the colors red, green and blue has a weight between 0 and 255.

## **Content**

This element has no content.

## BinaryFFT element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Data>
<Graphic type="FFT">
<AxisInfo count="2">
<Axis name="x" unit="Hz" max="1050" min="950"/>
<Axis name="y" unit="db" max="0" min="-60"/>
</AxisInfo>
<GraphicData count="2048">
<BinaryFFT>023F023FAAAA....023F023F</BinaryFFT>
</GraphicData>
</Graphic>
</Data>
</Message>
```

### Attribute List

This element has no attributes.

### Content

The content is the binary encoded FFT data. The encoding type (base2, base16, base64 or base64-mime) is set by the **Set Configuration Message**.

Characters are converted into bits according to the selected encoding type.

Encoding type	Bits per character	Character set
base2	1	0,1
base16	4	0-9, A-F
base64	6	0-9, A-Z, a-z ,+, /
base64-mime	6	0-9, A-Z, a-z, +, / ("=" padding character for byte alignment)

Each FFT value is represented by a signed 16 bit word, where 12 bits are used for the integer part and 4 bits are used for the real part of the value. The following example shows how to extract the FFT value from a bit stream:

Received: 1101 0101 0011 1111  
Mirrored: 1111 1100 1010 1011 (network order)  
Integer-part: 1111 1100 1010 = -54 (two's complement)  
Real-part: 1011 value = 11/16 = 0.6875  
FFT value = -54 + 0.6875 = -53.3125 dB

## Result messages

### Result element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Data>
<Result description="status-line">
content
</Result>
</Data>
</Message>
```

### Attribute List

#### **description**

Description of the result. This attribute is required and is a string.

### Content

The content is the result in a text format.

# Metadata messages

## Main metadata message tag

### MetaData element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<MetaData info="code">
Content
</MetaData>
</Message>
```

#### Attribute List

##### *info*

Indicates the type of metadata returned. This attribute is required and is a choice between "code" and "code-list". "code" is synonymous with the term "mode" used when referring to the decoder.

##### *Content*

The content is a sequence of one or more **MDCode** elements.

## MDCode message

### MDCode element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<MetaData info="code">
<MDCode value="fec-a">
Content
</MDCode>
</MetaData>
</Message>
```

#### Attribute List

##### *value*

Returns the name of the mode being decoded. This attribute is required and is a choice between all possible modes (for values see section "Parameter names and values").

##### *Content*

The content is a sequence of zero or more **MDParameter** elements, zero or more **MDModulation** elements and zero or more **MDInput** elements.

## MDModulation message

### MDModulation element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<MetaData info="code">
<MDCode value="fec-a">
<MDModulation value="dsp">
Content
</MDModulation>
</MetaData>
</Message>
```

#### Attribute List

## **value**

Indicates the modulation type used. This attribute is required and is a choice between all possible modulation types (for values see section “Parameter names and values”).

## **Content**

The content is a sequence of zero or more **MDParameter** elements.

---

# **MDInput message**

## **MDInput element**

```
<Message version="1.0">
<MetaData info="code">
<MDCode value="fec-a">
<MDInput value="inpl" description="AFIF#1:0-25 MHz input">
Content
</MDInput>
</MetaData>
</Message>
```

### **Attribute List**

#### **value**

Indicates the input used. This attribute is required and is a choice between all possible inputs.

#### **description**

Additional textual information about the input.

## **Content**

The content is a sequence of zero or more **MDParameter** elements.

---

# **MDParameter message**

## **MDParameter element**

```
<Message version="1.0">
<MetaData info="code">
<MDCode value="fec-a">
<MDParameter name="shift" info="integer" access="read-write">
Content
</MDParameter>
</MetaData>
</Message>
```

### **Attribute List**

#### **name**

Name of the parameter. This attribute is required and is a string. The choice of valid parameters depends on the selected mode.

#### **info**

Information on the parameter data type. This attribute is required and is a choice between “integer”, “floating-point” and “string”.

#### **access**

Access rights to a parameter. This attribute is required and is a choice between “read-only” and “read-write”.

## **Content**

The content is a sequence of **MDDefaultItem** elements, zero or one **MDItemList** element and zero or one **MDItemRange** element and zero or one **MDItemList** element.

---

## MDDefaultItem message

### MDDefaultItem element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<MetaData info="code">
<MDCode value="fec-a">
<MDParameter name="shift" info="integer" access="read-write">
<MDDefaultItem>
Content
</MDDefaultItem>
</MDParameter>
</MetaData>
</Message>
```

#### **Content**

The content is an **MDItem** element.

---

## MDItemRange message

### MDItemRange element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<MetaData info="code">
<MDCode value="fec-a">
<MDParameter name="shift" info="integer" access="read-write">
<MDItemRange>
Content
</MDItemRange>
</MDParameter>
</MetaData>
</Message>
```

#### **Content**

The content is a sequence of zero or one **MDSteps** element, a **MDLowerLimit** element and a **MDUpperLimit** element.

---

## MDSteps, MDLowerLimit and MDUpperLimit messages

### MDSteps element

### MDLowerLimit element

### MDUpperLimit element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<MetaData info="code">
<MDCode value="fec-a">
<MDParameter name="shift" info="integer" access="read-write">
<MDItemRange>
<MDSteps>
Content
</MDSteps>
<MDLowerLimit>
Content
</MDLowerLimit>
<MDUpperLimit>
Content
</MDUpperLimit>
</MDItemRange>
</MDParameter>
</MetaData>
</Message>
```

## Content

The content is an **MDItem** element.

# MDItemList message

## MDItemList element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<MetaData info="code">
<MDCode value="fec-a">
<MDParameter name="shift" info="integer" access="read-write">
<MDItemList>
Content
</MDItemList>
</MDParameter>
</MetaData>
</Message>
```

## Content

The content is one or more **MDItem** element.

# MDItem message

## MDItem element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<MetaData info="code">
<MDCode value="fec-a">
<MDParameter name="shift" info="integer" access="read-write">
<MDDefaultItem>
<MDItem value="50"/>
</MDDefaultItem>
</MDParameter>
</MetaData>
</Message>
```

## Attribute List

### value

This attribute is required and represents an integer, a floating point or a string, and it depends on the **info** attribute of the **MDParameter** element.

# Command messages

## Main command message

### Command element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
Content
</Command>
</Message>
```

#### Content

The content is a choice between the elements **Set**, **Get**, **Start**, **Connect**, **Disconnect** and **Activate**.

## Set messages

### Set element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Set>
Content
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>
```

#### Content

The content is a choice between the elements **Speed**, **ParameterList**, **Configuration** and **Key**.

### Speed element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Set>
<Speed limit="no"/>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>
```

#### Attribute List

##### *limit*

Speed limit of the connection to the server. This attribute is required and its value is a choice between "9600", "14400", "19200", "56k", "64k", "128k", "512k", "1M", "2M", "5M", "10M" and "no" (unlimited speed).

#### Content

This element has no content.

### ParameterList element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Set>
<ParameterList>
content
</ParameterList>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>
```

## Content

The content is a sequence of one or more **Parameter** elements.

## Parameter element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Set>
<ParameterList>
<Parameter name="code" value="fec-a"/>
<Parameter name="modulation" value="dsp"/>
</ParameterList>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>
```

### Attribute List

#### **name**

Name of the parameter. This attribute is required and is a string.

#### **value**

Value of the parameter. This attribute is required and is an integer, a floating point or a string value depending on the actual parameter.

## Content

This element has no content.

---

**Note:** A detailed description of the name and value pairs is found later in this document. The pairs can be received with the MetaData message.

---

## Configuration element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Set>
<Configuration      message-header="short"      text-data-format="translated"      binary-data-
format="base64"    information-indicators-interval-per-minute="60"    fft-interval-per-second="5"
fft-data-format="text"/>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>
```

### Attribute List

#### **message-header**

The **Message** element has a few implied attributes (see message template) which are only filled by the server if recommended by the client, and the **message-header** attribute sets the filling preferences. This attribute is implied and is a choice between "short" and "extended".

#### **text-data-format**

Specifies how the content is displayed in a text data message. This attribute is implied and is a choice between "translated", "raw" and "all". "translated" indicates that the decoded text is translated with the selected alphabet. "raw" indicates the decoded text is raw and unformatted. "all" indicates that all formats of displaying the text are transferred.

### **binary-data-format**

Indicates how the content is encoded. This attribute is required and may assume the value of "base2", "base16", "base64" or "base64-mime". The difference between "base64" and "base64-mime" is the way of the encoded string is terminated. The difference between "base64" and "base64-mime" is the way the encoded string is terminated. Both encodings use the same character set, but "base64-mime" follows the specification for SMTP messages and aligns the string to four characters and fills unused positions with the padding character "=", whereas "base64" reduces the number of characters to just the ones required, depending on the bit count.

### **information-indicators-interval-per-minute**

Determines the maximum number of information indicator messages per minute sent to the client. If configured to 60 messages per minute the client will receive between 0 and 60 messages per minute. A value of 0 indicates that no messages are sent and a value greater than 6000 indicates that all messages are sent. This attribute is implied and represents an integer.

### **fft-interval-per-second**

Determines the maximum number of FFT graphic messages per second sent to the client. If configured to 20 messages per second the client will receive between 0 – 20 messages per second. A value of 0 indicates that no messages are sent and a value greater than 100 indicates that that all messages are sent. This attribute is implied and represents an integer.

### **fft-data-format**

Determines the FFT data format. This attribute may assume the values "text" or "binary". The default setting is "text".

### **Content**

This element has no content.

## **Key element**

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Set>
<Key>
XADF3BDFERTP233QWWTR2WQ66
</Key>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>
```

### **Attribute List**

This element has no attributes.

### **Content**

The content is the product key to be set.

## **MilStanagMessageType element**

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Set>
<MilStanagMessageType sync-mode="async" data-bits="7" parity-bits="none"
stop-bits="0" bit-sequence="lsb" data-polarity="nor" display-format="ita5"
auto-detect="idle"/>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>
```

### **Attribute List**

#### **sync-mode**

The sync mode is a choice between "async" and "sync".

### **data-bits**

The number of data bits. The valid range is 5 to 8.

### **parity-bits**

The parity bit is a choice among "none", "even", "odd", "mark" and "space".

### **stop-bits**

The number of stop bits. The valid range is 0 to 2.

Valid attribute combinations:

sync-mode	parity-bits	stop-bits
"async"	all variants	1 or 2
"sync"	"none" only	0

### **bit-sequence**

The bit sequence order is a choice between "lsb" and "msb".

### **data-polarity**

The data polarity is a choice between "nor" and "inv".

### **auto-detect**

The auto-detect command is a choice between "start", and "stop".

The auto-detect information is a choice between "idle", "active", and "success".

### **display-format**

The display format is a choice among "ita5", "ita2", "hex" and "binary".

The Stanag-4285 mode includes an additional display format, "s5066".

Valid combinations:

display-format	data-bits
"ita5"	7 or 8 data bits; default is 7 data bits
"ita2"	5 data bits only
"hex"	5 to 8 data bits
"binary"	5 to 8 data bits
"s5066"	5, 7 and 8 data bits; default is 7 data bits

---

**Note:** Depending attributes are forced to valid values if their current values are not compatible with the updated reference attribute. E.g. if **display-format** is changed from "ita2" to "ita5", then **data-bits** is set to 7 bits.

---

---

**Note:** An error is reported if the user tries to update an individual attribute with data which are invalid in the given context. E.g. if the current **sync-mode** is "sync", an attempt to set **stop-bits** to 1 is rejected.

---

## **ClassifierSetup element**

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Information>
<ClassifierSetup mode="manual-mode" data-acquisition="previous-samples" refresh-list="off"
cw-protection="off" ofdm-mode="partial-analysis" restart-cycle="15" sample-time="3.2" options-mode="classify-tablecheck-codecheck" modulation-mode="cw,fsk,f7b,mfsk,opsk" cc-timeout="30" cc-decode-highest="decode-highest-confidence" cc-table="C:\Documents and Settings\All Users\Documents\WAVECOM\CCC Code Tables\CCCSignalDB.xml" cc-table-vhfdir="C:\Users\Public\Documents\WAVECOM\CCC Code Tables\CCCTableVHFDIR.xml" cc-table-vhfind="C:\Users\Public\Documents\WAVECOM\CCC Code Tables\CCCTableVHFIND.xml"/>
</Information>
</Message>
```

### **Attribute List**

## **mode**

The classifier mode is a choice between "manual-mode" and "continuous-mode".

## **data-acquisition**

Data acquisition is a choice between "previous-samples" and "new-samples".

## **refresh-list**

Sets the refreshing of the list "on" or "off".

## **cw-protection**

Sets CW protection "on" or "off".

## **ofdm-mode**

The OFDM mode is a choice between "partial-analysis" and "full-analysis".

## **restart-cycle**

The number of seconds for the restart period is a value between 4 and 3600.

## **sample-time**

Sample time is a choice between "1.6" and "3.2".

## **options-mode**

Options mode is a choice among the following modes of operation:

"classify"  
"classify-tablecheck"  
"classify-tablecheck-codecheck"  
"classify-tablecheck-decoding"  
"classify-tablecheck-codecheck-decoding"

Please, refer to the HF Classifier Code Check section in the decoder manual for detailed information.

---

**Note:** If you look for the code check results, then wait until you received the full result list. It is impossible to wait only for the first result.

---

## **modulation-mode**

Determines the type of the signals to be classified. **Modulation-mode** is either a collection of "fsk", "f7b", "mfsk", "cw", "2psk", "4psk", "8psk", "16psk", "oqpsk", separated by commas, or the single value "all". E.g. "fsk,mfsk,8psk" or "all".

## **cc-timeout**

Sets the maximum allowed interval in seconds between two consecutive code-check hits. Allowed values are "15", "30", "45", and "60". If the time since the last successful code-check hit exceeds the selected timeout interval, the code check process for the signal under consideration is interrupted.

## **cc-decode-highest**

Sets the criterion for selecting one of several classified signals to be decoded after table checking and/or code-checking has completed. This attribute has no effect if **options-mode** is not set to "classify-tablecheck-decoding" or "classify-tablecheck-codecheck-decoding". **cc-decode-highest** is one of the following values:

"decode-highest-disabled"  
"decode-highest-confidence"  
"decode-highest-level"

If "decode-highest-disabled" is selected, the first classified signal is decoded if it has been successfully table- and/or code-checked.

If "decode-highest-confidence" or "decode-highest-level" is selected, the classified signal with the highest confidence value or highest signal level, respectively, is decoded if it has been successfully table- and/or code-checked. In case of unsuccessful table- and/or code-checking (e.g. due to a timeout), the Classifier Code Check goes into idle mode or restarts if the **mode** attribute is set to "continuous-mode".

## **cc-table**

Sets the path of the code-check table file to be used with the Classifier Code Check for hf modes.

## **cc-table-vhfdir**

Sets the path of the code-check table file to be used with the Classifier Code Check for vhf direct modes.

## **cc-table-vhfind**

Sets the path of the code-check table file to be used with the Classifier Code Check for vhf sub-modes.

## **CustomInput element**

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Set>
<CustomInput input-name="" device="file" file-path="" channel="" type="" play-continuous="" />
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Set>
<CustomInput input-name="" device="tcp/ip" ip-address="" port-number="" format="" sampling-rate="" number-of-channels="" channel="" type="" />
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Set>
<CustomInput input-name="" device="soundcard" sampling-rate="" channel="" type="" name="" />
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>
```

### **Attribute list**

#### ***input-name***

The name of the custom input.

#### ***device***

Select "file", "tcp/ip" or "soundcard" (W61PC only).

#### ***file-path***

Specifies the path to the specific WAV-file on the server machine. The file must be located on the computer that is running the WAVECOM server application.

#### ***channel***

Sets the channel(s) to be used and may assume the values "left", "right" or "left + right". For mono files, only "left" is valid. If "iq" is set, only "left + right" can be selected. If "pcm" is set, all three channel configurations are available.

#### ***type***

Sets the digital audio format to be used to "pcm" or "iq".

#### ***play-continuous***

Indicates if the files are played in repeat mode. Select "on" to switch on the repeat mode or "off" to switch off the repeat mode.

#### ***ip-address***

The IP-address is fixed and must be 127.0.0.1.

#### ***port-number***

Sets the TCP-port for the TCP/IP connection. The valid range is 0 to 65535.

#### ***format***

Either "ip-conf" (WAVECOM) or "ip-pxgf" (GRINTEK).

## **sampling-rate**

IP-CONF: The sampling rate is variable in the range 8-192 kHz for TCP/IP custom inputs, but is fixed at 48 kHz for soundcard inputs.

IP-PXGF: Parameters are automatically set using the metadata from the data stream.

## **number-of-channels**

IP-CONF: The number of channels, either 1 or 2, that are sent over the TCP/IP stream.

IP-PXGF: Parameters are automatically set using the meta data from the data stream.

---

# Get messages

## Get element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Get item="" information="" additional-information="" />
</Command>
</Message>
```

### Attribute List

#### **item**

The item the client requests. This attribute is required and is a string. If the string is not recognized by the server, it will return an error message.

Description of possible **item** values:

"card status"

Returns the state of all cards in a system. The client does not have to be connected to a specific card on the system.

"license"

Returns the license information for the currently connected card.

"license with check"

Returns the license information for the currently connected card. Using this value forces a check of the license information on the DSP.

"metadata"

Returns meta data. The kind of meta data is specified in the **information** attribute. The client does not have to be connected to a specific card on the system.

"milstanag message type"

Returns the current message type for MIL or STANAG modes.

"parameter-list"

Returns the parameter list for the current mode.

"classifiersetup-settings"

Returns the current classifier configuration.

"custom-alphabet-list"

Returns a list of all custom alphabets that have been defined using the WAVECOM graphical user interface alphabet editor.

"custom-input-list"

Returns a list of all custom inputs that have been defined with the WAVECOM graphical user interface or the **set** command.

#### **information**

Information about the item the client requests. This attribute is implied and is a string.

Description of possible information for the item **metadata**:

"code-list"

Returns a list of all codes supported by that server. "code" is the RCI term used for decoder mode.

"code"

Returns all information about a specific code. The specific code has to be set in the **additional-information** attribute. "code" is the RCI term used for decoder mode.

## **additional-information**

Additional information about the item the client requests. This attribute is implied and is a string. It is only used if **item** is "metadata" and **information** is "code". The additional information returns the name of the code. A list of all possible codes can be retrieved by selecting "code-list" in the **information** attribute.

### **Content**

This element has no content.

---

## Start messages

### Start element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Start item="" />
</Command>
</Message>
```

#### Attribute List

##### **item**

The item the client wishes to start. This attribute is required and is a string. If the string is not recognized by the server it will return an error message.

Description of possible item values:

"ASCS auto analysis"

Starts the AutoSelCalSystem auto analysis. Returns an error if the ASCS auto analysis is not supported by the code which is set on the connected card.

"resync"

Resynchronizes the current code.

"restart classifier"

Restarts the classifier.

### **Content**

This element has no content.

---

## Connect message

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Connect>
Content
</Connect>
</Command>
</Message>
```

### Connect element

#### Attribute List

This element has no attributes.

### **Content**

The content is a sequence of one **Card** element.

## Card element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Connect>
<Card number="1" name="CardA" serial-nr="0210125807"/>
</Connect>
</Command>
</Message>
```

### Attribute List

#### **number**

Number of the card. This attribute is implied and is an integer between 1 and 8.

#### **name**

Name of the card. This attribute is implied and is a string.

#### **serial-nr**

Serial number of the card. This attribute is implied and is an unsigned integer.

---

**Note:** The **card** element actually has more attributes than the three described here, but they are irrelevant in the connect message and are ignored if they are set in this case.

To connect to a card only one of the three above described attributes is needed. If more than one is set with a valid value, the priority for which card is set is:

1. serial-nr (recommended)
2. number
3. name

### Content

This element has no content.

---

## Disconnect message

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Disconnect/>
</Command>
</Message>
```

### Disconnect element

It disconnects from the actually connected card.

### Attribute List

This element has no attributes.

### Content

This element has no content.

---

## Activate messages

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Activate item="GUI-Application" >
Content
</Activate >
</Command>
</Message>
```

### Activate element

### Attribute List

## **item**

The item to activate. This attribute is required and its value is "GUI-Application". The GUI application is launched on the specified server and a connection is opened to the server and card to which the remote client is connected.

## **Content**

The content is the **server** element.

## **Server element**

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Activate item="GUI-Application" >
<Server address="192.168.1.10" port="33135"/>
</Activate >
</Command>
</Message>
```

### **Attribute List**

#### **address**

Server IP address or network name. Use "local" or "127.0.0.1" if the client and the server are both on the same system. This attribute is required and is a string.

#### **port**

SCI (Server Control Interface) port of the server on the selected address. This attribute is required and is a string. If **port** is empty, it takes the standard SCI port.

On a W61PC system the default port-number is 33234, on WCODE it is 33244.

---

**Note:** These are noncommittal proposals. Port-numbers may differ due to restrictions of the given system.

## **Content**

This element has no content.

# Information messages

---

## Main information message tag

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Information>
Content
</Information>
</Message>
```

## Information element

### **Content**

The content is a choice between the elements **ParameterList**, **Indicators**, **Cards**, **License** and **BufferOverflow**.

---

## ParameterList message

### ParameterList element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Information>
<ParameterList>
content
</ParameterList>
</Information>
</Message>
```

## Content

The content is a sequence of one or more **Parameter** elements.

## Parameter element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Information>
<ParameterList>
<Parameter name="code" value="fec-a"/>
<Parameter name="modulation" value="dsp"/>
</ParameterList>
</Information>
</Message>
```

### Attribute List

#### **name attribute**

Name of the parameter. This attribute is required and is a string.

#### **value attribute**

Value of the parameter. This attribute is required and is an integer, a floating point or a string value depending on the parameter.

## Content

This element has no content.

---

**Note:** A detailed description of the name and value pairs is found later in this document. The pairs can be received with the MetaData message.

---

## Indicators message

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Information>
<Indicators status="idle" level="8" bargraph="00000E00000000C0>
Content
</Indicators>
</Information>
</Message>
```

## Indicators element

### Attribute List

#### **status**

Status of the decoder. This attribute is required and is a choice between "idle", "traffic", "error", "request", "auto", "synchronise" and "phasing".

#### **level**

Level indicator for the measured input gain. This attribute is required and represents an integer value between 0 and 12.

#### **bargraph**

Value of a bargraph element. This attribute is required and represents a string of the form XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX. Each of the 16 X is the hexadecimal presentation of a 4 bit single bargraph bin value.

## Content

This element has no content.

# Cards message

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Information>
<Cards>
Content
</Cards>
</Information>
</Message>
```

## Cards element

### Attribute List

This element has no attributes.

### Content

The content is a sequence of one or more of **Card** elements.

## Card element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Information>
<Cards>
<Card number="1" name="CardA" device="W51PC" serial-nr="0210125807" remote-access="yes" status="ready" connections="1" />
</Cards>
</Information>
</Message>
```

### Attribute List

#### **number**

Serial number of the card. This attribute is implied and is an integer between 1 and 8.

#### **name**

Name of the card. This attribute is implied and a string.

#### **device**

Device type. This attribute is implied and a string.

Device type is a choice among the following systems:

"W51PC"  
"W61PC"  
"WCODE"

#### **serial-nr**

Serial number. This attribute is implied and a string.

#### **remote-access**

Toggle remote access to the card. In this case remote access is understood as access from another system (PC) and not access through the RCI. This attribute is implied and a choice between "yes" and "no".

#### **status**

Status of the card. This attribute is implied and is a choice between "unknown", "initialize", "ready", "error", "load-error", "card-in-use", "no-card", "timeout", "driver-error", "driver-conflict" and "buffer-overflow".

#### **connections**

The number of connections to a specific card. This attribute is implied and a string.

### Content

This element has no content.

# License message

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Information>
<License error="ok" version="123">
Content
</License>
</Information>
</Message>
```

## License element

### Attribute List

#### **error**

Validation of the license key. This attribute is required and is a choice between "ok", "expired", "wrong-card", "invalid-key", "format-error", "checking" and "not checked".

#### **version**

Version of the license system. This attribute is required and represents an integer value.

#### **Content**

The content is a sequence of zero or more **Options**, **ExpiryDate** and **Key** elements.

## Options element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Information>
<License error="ok" version="123">
<Options name="professional-modes"/>
<Options name="satellite-modes"/>
<Options name="classifier"/>
Content
</License>
</Information>
</Message>
```

### Attribute List

#### **name**

Available option name.

#### **Content**

This element has no content.

## ExpiryDate element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Information>
<License error="ok" version="123">
Content
<ExpiryDate month="10" year="2005"/>
Content
</License>
</Information>
</Message>
```

### Attribute List

#### **month**

License expiration month.

#### **year**

License expiration year.

## **Content**

This element has no content.

## **Key element**

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Information>
<License error="ok" version="123">
Content
<Key>
XADF3BDFERTP233QWWTR2WQ66
</Key>
</License>
</Information>
</Message>
```

## **Attribute List**

This element has no attributes.

## **Content**

The content is the license key.

---

# **BufferOverflow message**

## **BufferOverflow element**

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Information>
<Bufferoverflow/>
</Information>
</Message>
```

## **Content**

This element has no content.

---

**Note:** **BufferOverflow** indicates to the client that the load on the server exceeds the connection capacity. The server stops sending messages. To restart, the client must reconnect to the card.

---

---

# **AlphabetList message**

## **AlphabetList element**

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Information>
<AlphabetList>
content
</AlphabetList>
</Information>
</Message>
```

## **Content**

The content is a sequence of zero or more **Alphabet** elements.

## **Alphabet element**

```

<Message version="1.0">
<Information>
<AlphabetList>
<Alphabet name="CustomSpecialAlphabet"/>
<Alphabet name="CustomAlphabet2"/>
</AlphabetList>
</Information>
</Message>

```

## Attribute list

### ***name***

Name of the custom alphabet. This attribute is required and is a string.

### ***Content***

This element has no content.

## CustomInputList message

### CustomInputList element

```

<Message version="1.0">
<Information>
<CustomInputList>
content
</CustomInputList>
</Information>
</Message>

```

### ***Content***

The content is a sequence of zero or more **CustomInput** elements.

### CustomInput element

```

<Message version="1.0">
<Information>
<CustomInputList>
<CustomInput input-name="CustInp" device="file" file-path="C:\Audio\test.WAV" channel="left"
type="pcm" play-continuous="off"/>
<CustomInput input-name="NetInput" device="tcp/ip" channel="left + right" type="iq" ip-
address="127.0.0.1" port-number="0" format="ip-conf" sampling-rate="48000" number-of-
channels="2"/>
</CustomInputList>
</Information>
</Message>

```

## Attribute list

### ***input-name***

The name of the custom input.

### ***device***

The type of input. Valid values are "file", "tcp/ip" or "soundcard" (W61PC only).

### ***file-path***

The path to the specific WAV-file.

### ***channel***

Recording channel(s) to be used. Valid values are "left", "right" or "left + right".

### ***type***

Recording format. Valid values are "pcm" or "iq".

### **play-continuous**

Indicates if files are played in repeat mode. Valid values are "yes" or "no".

### **ip-address**

IP-address of the TCP/IP connection

### **port-number**

TCP-port of the TCP/IP connection.

### **format**

Data-format of the information transferred over the TCP/IP connection.

Valid values are "ip-conf" or "ip-pxgf".

### **sampling-rate**

Sampling rate of the input stream.

### **number-of-channels**

Number of channels that are sent over the TCP/IP stream.

# Error message

## Error message tag

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Error id="1" severity="error">
error description
</Error>
</Message>
```

## Error element

### Attribute List

#### ***id***

Error id. This attribute is required and represents a positive integer.

#### ***Severity***

Severity of the error. This attribute is required and is a choice between "error", "warning" and "information".

#### ***Content***

The content is the error description. The error description has a relation to the ***id*** and ***severity*** attributes.

Severity error :

ID 0	"undefined xml error"
ID 1	"xml mesage format"
ID 2	"card mismatch"
ID 4	"this element does not exist"
ID 5	"alf-rds mode not set"
ID 6	"no ascs mode set"
ID 8	"the client is not connected to a server"

Severity warning :

ID 7	"the specified card does not exist"
------	-------------------------------------

Severity information :

ID 3	"card already set"
------	--------------------

# Parameter names and values

## Parameter element

```
<Message version="1.0">
<Information>
<ParameterList>
<Parameter name="" value="" />
<Parameter name="" value="" />
...
</ParameterList>
</Information>
</Message>
```

## List of Parameters

**Note** A list of all valid and available parameters can be retrieved using the **metadata** commands.

To retrieve a complete list of possible codes use the following **get** command:

```
<Get item="metadata" information="code-list"/>
```

To retrieve all possible parameters for a specific code, including ranges and possible values, use the following **get** command:

```
<Get item="metadata" information="code"
additional-information="fec-a"/>
```

### Code

Code of the decoder. The RCI parameter **Code** is equal to the decoder **mode**.

### Values

Code Values
acars
ais
ale-400
alf-rds
alis
alis-2
amsat-p3d
apco-25
arq6-90
arq6-98
arq-e
arq-e3
arq-m2-242
arq-m2-342
arq-m4-242
arq-m4-342
arq-n
ascii
atis
aum-13
autospec
baudot
biis
br-6028
bulg-ascii
ccir-1
ccir-2
ccir-7
ccitt
chu
cis-11
cis-12
cis-14
cis-36
cis-36-50
cis-50-50
clover-2
clover-2000
codan-9001
codan-selcal
coquelet-13
coquelet-8
coquelet-80
ctcss
cv-786
cw-morse
dcs-selcal
dgps
dmr
dpmr
dsc-hf

dsc-vhf
dtmf
dup-arq
dup-arq-2
dup-fec-2
dzvei
eea
efr
eia
ermes
euro
fec-a
feld-hell
flex
fm-hell
fms-bos
golay
g-tor
gw-fsk
gw-ofdm
gw-psk
hc-arq
hf-acars
hf-analysis-autocorrelation
hf-analysis-bit-correlation
hf-analysis-bit-length
hf-analysis-bit-stream
hf-analysis-classifier
hf-analysis-classifier-code-check
hf-analysis-fft
hf-analysis-fft-and-sonagram
hf-analysis-fsk
hf-analysis-fsk-code-check
hf-analysis-mfsk
hf-analysis-mfsk-code-check
hf-analysis-mil-stanag-code-check
hf-analysis-oscilloscope
hf-analysis-psk-code-check
hf-analysis-psk-phase-plane
hf-analysis-psk-symbol-rate
hf-analysis-sonagram
hf-analysis-waterfall
hng-fec
icao-selcal
link-11
md-674
mfsk-16
mfsk-20
mfsk-8

mil-188-110-16tone
mil-188-110-39tone
mil-188-110a
mil-188-110b
mil-188-141a
mil-188-141b
mil-m-55529a
mobitex-1200
mobitex-8000
modat
modem-full-duplex
modem-half-duplex
mpt-1327
natel
nmt-450
noaa-geosat
nwr-same
olivia
Orbcomm
packet-1200
packet-300
packet-9600
Pactor
pactor-fec
pactor-II
pactor-II-auto
pactor-II-fec
pactor-III
pccir
pdzvei
piccolo-mk12
piccolo-mk6
pocsag
pol-arq
press-fax
psk-10
psk-125
psk-125f
psk-220f
psk-250
psk-31
psk-31-fec
psk-63
psk-63f
psk-am
pzvei
robust-packet
rum-fec
sat-aero

sat-b
sat-b-c-hsd
sat-b-c-tc
sat-c-tdm
sat-c-tdma
sat-c-tdm-egc
sat-m
sat-mini-m
si-arq
si-auto
si-fec
sitor-arq
sitor-auto
sitor-fec
sp-14
spread-11
spread-21
spread-51
sstv
stanag-4285
stanag-4415
stanag-4481-fsk
stanag-4481-psk
stanag-4529
stanag-5065-fsk
swed-arq
test-demodulator
test-mode
tetra
twinplex
vdew
vdl-m2
vhf-analysis-dir-autocorrelation
vhf-analysis-dir-bit-correlation
vhf-analysis-dir-bit-length
vhf-analysis-dir-bit-stream
vhf-analysis-dir-fft
vhf-analysis-dir-fft-and-sonogram
vhf-analysis-dir-fsk
vhf-analysis-dir-fsk-code-check
vhf-analysis-dir-oscilloscope
vhf-analysis-dir-psk-phase-plane
vhf-analysis-dir-psk-symbol-rate
vhf-analysis-dir-sonogram
vhf-analysis-dir-waterfall
vhf-analysis-ind-autocorrelation
vhf-analysis-ind-bit-correlation
vhf-analysis-ind-bit-length
vhf-analysis-ind-bit-stream

vhf-analysis-ind-fft
vhf-analysis-ind-fft-and-sonogram
vhf-analysis-ind-fsk
vhf-analysis-ind-fsk-code-check
vhf-analysis-ind-oscilloscope
vhf-analysis-ind-psk-phase-plane
vhf-analysis-ind-psk-symbol-rate
vhf-analysis-ind-selcal
vhf-analysis-ind-sonogram
vhf-analysis-ind-waterfall
vhf-analysis-sat-autocorrelation
vhf-analysis-sat-bit-correlation
vhf-analysis-sat-bit-length
vhf-analysis-sat-bit-stream
vhf-analysis-sat-fft
vhf-analysis-sat-fft-and-sonogram
vhf-analysis-sat-fsk
vhf-analysis-sat-oscilloscope
vhf-analysis-sat-psk-phase-plane
vhf-analysis-sat-psk-symbol-rat
vhf-analysis-sat-sonogram
vhf-analysis-sat-waterfall
visel
weather-fax
x-25
zvei-1
zvei-2
zvei-3
zvei-vdew

## ias

The iso-asynchronous and synchronous setting allows the decoder to determine the baud rate with higher precision.

### Values

"on" or "off".

## ecc

Error correction code settings of the decoder.

### Values

"on" or "off".

## polarity

Polarity settings of the decoded signal.

### Values

"normal" or "inverse".

## scan-mode

**scan-mode** is used for FSK code checking. "fast" scan displays only the modes where for which the detected baud rate is an a priori known baud rate. "full" scan tests all detectable parameters and displays the corresponding modes.

**Values**

"fast" or "full".

## alphabet

The alphabet to which the decoded data is mapped.

**Values**

### alphabet Values

arabic-atu-70
arabic-atu-80
data-raw
ita1-latin
ita2-bulgarian
ita2-cyrillic
ita2-danish-norwegian
ita2-hebrew
ita2-latin
ita2-latin-transparent
ita2-swedish
ita3-latin
ita5-bulgarian
ita5-chinese
ita5-danish-norwegian
ita5-french
ita5-german
ita5-swedish
ita5-us
morse-arabic
morse-cyrillic
morse-greek
morse-hebrew
morse-latin
morse-scandinavian
morse-spanish
skyper
tass-cyrillic
third-shift-cyrillic
third-shift-greek

Use the name of a custom defined alphabet to select that alphabet.

## code-table

Conversion table settings for "coquelet-13" and "g-tor" modes.

**Values**

"0" or "1".

## auto-speed

Automatic speed settings for "pocsag" mode.

**Values**

"on" or "off".

## bit-inversion

Bit inversion mask for “baudot” and “rum-fec” modes.

### Values

An integer value between 0 and 31.

## subcode

This attribute informs the client about additional information for a code.

### Values

subcode Values
dgps-all-headers
dgps-corrections
dgps-normal
dgps-normal-raw
fixed
hf-acars-link-data
hf-acars-network-basic-data
hf-acars-squitter-media-access
martin-1-3
martin-2-4
mil-stanag-async
mil-stanag-asynch-7data-0stop
mil-stanag-hex
mil-stanag-sync
mobile
nmt-450-all-frames
nmt-450-bs-to-mtx
nmt-450-datacom
nmt-450-ms-to-mtx
nmt-450-mtx-to-bs
nmt-450-mtx-to-ms
nmt-450-mtx-to-tms
osi-level-0
osi-level-1
pocsag-ascii
pocsag-auto
pocsag-mixed
pocsag-type-3
robot-12s
robot-24s
robot-36s
robot-8s
sc-1-16-32s
sc-1-8s
scottie-1-3
scottie-2-4
wraase-sc-1-24-48s
wraase-sc-1-48-96s
wraase-sc-2-120s

wraase-sc-2-180s
wraase-sc-2-30-60s

## frame-length

"ascii" mode frame length.

### Values

"7-bit" or "8-bit".

## frame-format

Sets frame format for MIL-STANAG and X.25 modes.

### Values for MIL-STANAG codes:

frame-format Values
2400bps-short
1200bps-short
600bps-short
300bps-short
150bps-short
75bps-short
2400bps-long
1200bps-long
600bps-long
300bps-long
150bps-long
75bps-long
3600bps-uncoded
2400bps-uncoded
1800bps-uncoded
1200bps-uncoded
600bps-uncoded
300bps-uncoded
150bps-uncoded
75bps-uncoded

### Values for X.25 code:

frame-format Values
basic
extended
super

## free-run

When **free-run** is turned on a noisy signal can be displayed without horizontal synchronization.

### Values

"on" or "off".

## letter-figure-mode

Sets the Letters and Figures cases in ITA-2 based modes.

### Values

"normal", "letters-only", "figures-only" or "unshift-on-space".

## shift-register

"fec-a" shift register length.

### Values

"72", "128" or "off".

## display-mode

Display mode for the decoded data.

### Values

"all-frames", "error-free-frames-only" or "valid-frames-only".

### VDL-M2 specific values

"all-frames", "valid-frames-only" or "indicate-erroneous-frames".

## display-format

Display format of the decoded data.

### Values

"ascii", "hex", "ascii-hex", "baudot", "binary", "ascii-hex-baudot", "raw", "signaling-info", "raw-bits" or "all-blocks".

## modulation

Modulation type of the signal.

### Values

modulation Values
am
bpsk
cw
d16psk
d8psk
dbpsk
dpsk
dqpsk
dsp
dtmf
dtxpsk
ffsk
fft
gfsk
iq
mfsk
ms
ofdm
oqpsk
qam
qpsk
src
subtone
time

## speed

Symbol rate, or in case of cw-morse the number of words per minute, of the decoded data.

**Values**

An integer or float value, the range depends on the selected mode.

**shift**

Frequency shift of the signal.

**Values**

An integer value, the range depends on the selected mode.

**center**

Center frequency of the signal.

**Values**

An integer value, the range depends on the selected mode.

**auto-mode**

Sets shift, center frequency and speed automatically.

**Values**

"on" or "off".

**afc**

Enables or disables automatic frequency control.

**Values**

"on" or "off".

**input**

Sets physical inputs and custom defined inputs

**Values**

"inp1", "inp2", "inp3", "inp4", "inp5" and all custom defined inputs.

Use the name of a custom defined input to select it.

**W51PC**

"inp1" = AF-IN  
"inp2" = IF-IN-VAR  
"inp3" = IF-IN-10.7  
"inp4" = IF-IN-21.4  
"inp5" = EXT-DEM-IN

**W61PC**

"inp1" = AFIF#1  
"inp2" = AFIF#2  
"inp3" = AFIF#3  
"inp4" = IF70#4  
"inp5" = EXT-DEM

**W-CODE**

"inp1" = AF (left) input  
"inp2" = AF (right) input  
"inp3" = AF (left+right) input  
"inp4" = IQ (left+right) input  
"inp5" = Discriminator (right) input

**inputgain**

Input gain.

**Values**

An integer value between 0 and 100.

## **number-of-channels**

Controls the number of channels for "hf-analysis-mfsk-code-check", "hf-analysis-psk-code-check" and "hf-analysis-classifier-code-check".

### **Values**

2 to 64 for "hf-analysis-mfsk-code-check"

1 to 2 for "hf-analysis-psk-code-check"

1 to 64 for "hf-analysis-classifier-code-check"

## **translation**

Translation frequency.

### **Values**

An integer value between 0 and 21,000,000.

## **bandwidth**

Bandwidth of the signal.

### **Values**

An integer value between 50 and 24,000.

## **fine-speed**

Adjusts the fine speed for a fax or SSTV picture.

### **Values**

An integer value.

## **ioc-module**

Sets fax Index Of Cooperation.

### **Values**

"288", "352" or "576".

## **als**

Automatic level setting control.

### **Values**

"start", "stop" or "off".

## **filter**

Low pass filter settings.

### **Values**

A floating point value in the range of 1.0 to 100.0.

## **passband-center**

Center frequency of band pass filter.

### **Values**

An integer value between 100 and 3600 Hz.

## **passband-bandwidth**

Bandwidth of the band pass filter.

### **Values**

An integer value between 100 and 3600 Hz.

## **twinshift-1**

Shift frequency between frequency 1 and frequency 2 of a 4FSK signal.

### **Values**

An integer value between 10 and 800 Hz.

## **twinshift-2**

Shift frequency between frequency 2 and frequency 3 of a 4FSK signal.

### **Values**

An integer value between 10 and 800 Hz.

## **twinshift-3**

Shift frequency between frequency 3 and frequency 4 of a 4FSK signal.

### **Values**

An integer value between 10 and 800 Hz.

## **twin-v1**

Bit value for each frequency of a Twinplex channel v1.

### **Values**

"yybb", "ybyb", "b yyb", "byby" or "ybby".

## **twin-v2**

Bit value for each frequency of a Twinplex channel v2.

### **Values**

"ybyb", "b yyb", "byby" or "ybby".

## **am-offset**

### **Values**

An integer value between 0 and 2047.

## **am-gain**

Gain of the amplifier of the AM-demodulator. This attribute is implied and a string which represents an integer value between 0 and 100.

Gain of the amplifier of the oscilloscope. This attribute is implied and a string which represents an integer value between 0 and 1600.

## **data-interleaver**

### **Values**

"short", "long" or "uncoded".

## **data-blocksize**

### **Values**

An integer between 7 and 12.

## **dte-databits**

### **Values**

"4", "5", "6", "7", "8" or "all".

## **dte-parity**

### **Values**

"no", "odd", "even", "mark" or "space".

## **dte-startbits**

### **Values**

"0", "1".

## **dte-stopbits**

### **Values**

"0", "1", "1.5" or "2".

## **diversity (mil-188-110-39tone only)**

### **Values**

A choice between "Time / Frequency" and "Frequency Only".

## **threshold-level (W61PC and W-CODE only)**

### **Values**

An integer value between -60 and -20.

# TCP/IP Interface

---

## Overview

This section describes how a client can communicate with the WAVECOM Server and the decoder cards, which it controls. It describes all the specific details of the interfaces. The internals of the WAVECOM Server, the W6X card applications or any TCP/IP specific programming is not described.

When installed the XMLRCI SDK is found in the "C:\Program Files\WAVECOM\XML RCI SDK" folder of your Windows system. This folder contains a number of sub-folders:

### **"Demo"**

contains the source code of C, C++ and C# .NET APIs and demo and test applications and the corresponding solution and project files for Microsoft Visual Studio.

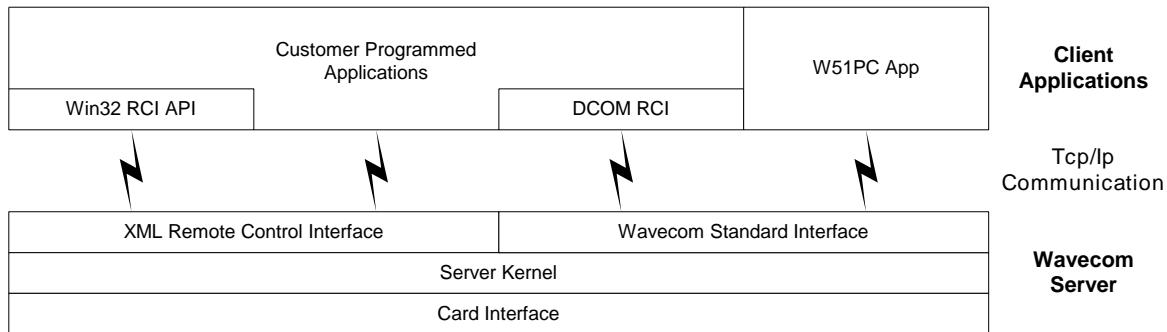
### **"Documentation"**

contains this manual and the DTD.

### **"Win32-API"**

contains debug and release versions of the DLLs and executables in the "Bin" folder. "Include" contains the header files. "Lib" contains the object file libraries.

# Architecture



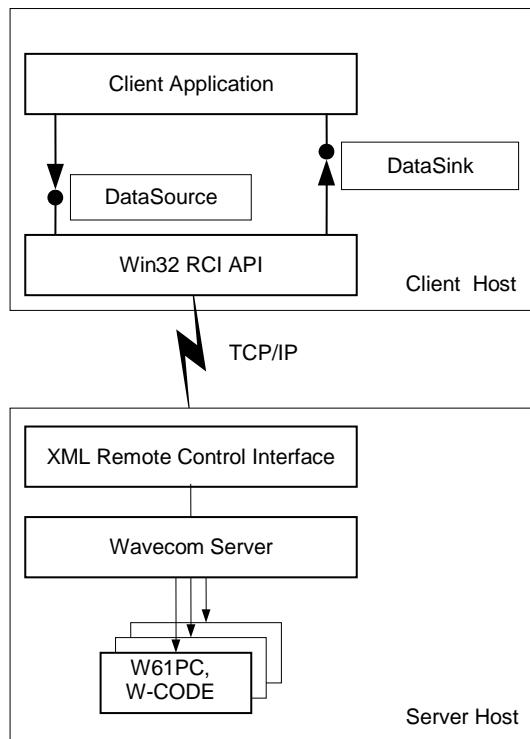
WAVECOM provides two remote control interfaces based on a client-server architecture:

One is the **Win32 Remote Control Interface API** for Microsoft Windows clients. The Application Programming Interface is organized as a library and supports C, C++ and C#.

For non-Microsoft platforms the plain **XML Remote Control Interface** is provided. This is also the interface on the server to which the Win32 RCI API connects.

In the drawing above a client-side DCOM RCI and a server-side Wavecom Standard Interface is shown. These interfaces are only valid for the discontinued W51PC decoder.

## Win32 Remote Control Interface API



Procedural (C) and object oriented (C++, C#) interfaces are defined for the Win32 Remote Control Interface API. The sink (callback) must be programmed by the client application programmer - a function type definition for the C API and a virtual parent class for the C++ API is available for the sink. The sink implementation must be passed to the API before starting communicating with a server.

# C Application Programming Interface

## Source

```
DWORD Start(XMLRCI_SINK_FUNCTION_TYPE pFunction,
            XMLRCI_CONNECTED_FUNCTION_TYPE pConnect,
            XMLRCI_DISCONNECTED_FUNCTION_TYPE pDisconnect,
            XMLRCI_TIMEOUT_FUNCTION_TYPE pTimeout,
            const char* strUsr, const char* strPwd, const XMLFormatting& format);
void Stop(DWORD dwCookie);
bool Connect(const char* strIPAddress, const char* strPort, DWORD dwCookie);
void Disconnect(DWORD dwCookie);
bool SendXMLMessage(const void* pMessage, const int nMsgSize, DWORD dwCookie);
```

The parameter dwCookie is the value which was returned by the Start method. It identifies the user within this API.

### **DWORD Start(...)**

```
DWORD Start(XMLRCI_SINK_FUNCTION_TYPE pFunction,
            XMLRCI_CONNECTED_FUNCTION_TYPE pConnect,
            XMLRCI_DISCONNECTED_FUNCTION_TYPE pDisconnect,
            XMLRCI_TIMEOUT_FUNCTION_TYPE pTimeout,
            const char* strUsr, const char* strPwd,
            const XMLFormatting& format);
```

This function starts a session with the specified user.

#### **Return Value**

Returns the cookie.

#### **Parameters**

Parameter	Definition
pFunction	Function pointer to the Sink method
pConnect	Function pointer to the Connected method
pDisconnect	Function Pointer to the Disconnected method
pTimeout	Function Pointer to the Timeout method
strUser	Username
strPwd	Password

Format: See section "[XML Message Format](#)" on page 48

### **void Stop(DWORD dwCookie)**

Stops a session.

### **bool Connect(const char\* strAddress, const char\* strPort, DWORD dwCookie)**

Connects to the specified server.

#### **Return Value**

Returns true if successful or false if not successful.

#### **Parameters**

Parameter	Definition
strAddress	The IP address or DNS name of the host on which the server runs. If the string is empty, a connection to the local server on the same host is established
strPort	The port which is configured on the specified server. If the string is empty, this value is ignored

### **void Disconnect(DWORD dwCookie)**

Disconnects from the specified server.

### **bool SendXMLMessage(const void\* pMessage, const int nMsgSize, DWORD dwCookie)**

Sends a XML message to the server.

#### **Return Value**

Returns true if successful or false if not successful.

#### **Parameters**

Parameter	Definition
pMessage	Pointer to the XML message
nMsgSize	The size of the XML message in Bytes

## **Sink**

The parameter dwCookie is the value which was returned by the Start method of the source. It identifies the user within the procedural API.

### **void XMLRCI\_SINK\_FUNCTION(const void\* pMessage, const int nMsgSize, DWORD dwCookie)**

```
typedef void (* XMLRCI_SINK_FUNCTION_TYPE) (
    const void *pMessage,
    const int nMsgSize,
    DWORD dwCookie
);
```

Function type definition for server-side XML messages. Through this interface the client receives XML messages from the server. It is a callback routine which has to be defined by the client application programmer and has to be passed to the source.

#### **Parameters**

strMessage The message from the server in XML format.

### **void XMLRCI\_CONNECTED\_FUNCTION(DWORD dwCookie)**

```
typedef void (* XMLRCI_CONNECTED_FUNCTION_TYPE) (DWORD dwCookie);
```

Function type definition for the connection established message. After the connect command has been issued a certain time passes until a connection is established. This message is called by the API when the connection actually is established. It is a callback routine which has to be defined by the client application programmer and has to be passed to the source.

### **void XMLRCI\_DISCONNECTED\_FUNCTION(DWORD dwCookie)**

```
typedef void (*XMLRCI_DISCONNECTED_FUNCTION_TYPE) (DWORD dwCookie);
```

Function type definition for the disconnected message. If the link to the server is broken, this message is called by the API. It is a callback routine which has to be defined by the client application programmer and has to be passed to the source.

### **void XMLRCI\_TIMEOUT\_FUNCTION(DWORD dwCookie)**

```
typedef void (*XMLRCI_TIMEOUT_FUNCTION_TYPE) (DWORD dwCookie);
```

Function type definition for the timeout message. If the link to the server cannot be established, this message is called by the API. It is a callback routine which has to be defined by the client application programmer and has to be passed to the source.

# **C++ Application Programming Interface**

## **Source**

```

class CXMLRCI
{
public:
    CXMLRCI(CXMLRCISink *pSink, const char* strUser, const char* strPwd, const XMLFormatting& format);
    virtual ~CXMLRCI();
    bool Connect(const char* strIPAddress, const char* strPort);
    void Disconnect();
    bool SendXMLMessage(const void* pMessage, const int nMsgSize);
private:
    CXMLRCISource *m_pSource;
};

```

### **CXMLRCI(*CXMLRCISink* \**pSink*, *const char\** *strUser*, *const char\** *strPwd* , *const XMLFormatting& format*)**

Starts a session with the specified User.

#### **Parameters**

Parameter	Definition
pSink	Pointer to the Sink class. Be aware that the sink has to be created on the heap and will be deleted by the source
strUser	Username
strPwd	Password

Format: See section "["XML Message Format"](#)" on page 48

### **~CXMLRCI(*DWORD dwCookie*)**

Stops a Session.

### **bool Connect(*const char\** *strAddress*, *const char\** *strPort*)**

Connects to the specified server.

#### **Return Value**

Returns true if successful or false if not successful.

#### **Parameters**

Parameter	Definition
strAddress	The IP address or DNS name of the pc where the server runs. If the string is empty, it connects to the local server on the same pc.
strPort	The port which is configured on the chosen server. If the strAddress parameter is empty, this value is ignored.

### **void Disconnect()**

Disconnects from the specified server.

### **bool SendXMLMessage(*const void\** *pMessage* *const int nMsgSize*)**

Sends a XML message to the server.

#### **Return Value**

Returns true if successful or false if not successful.

#### **Parameters**

Parameter	Definition
pMessage	Pointer to the XML message
nMsgSize	The size of the XML message in Bytes

## **Sink**

```

class CXMLRCISink
{
public:
    CXMLRCISink() {};
    virtual void ReceiveXMLMessage(const void* pMessage, const int nMsgSize)=0;
    virtual void Connected()=0;
    virtual void Disconnected()=0;
    virtual void Timeout()=0;
};

```

Parent class for the sink implementation of the client application. It contains four callback routines. A pointer to an instance of this class must be passed to the source. This instance has to be created on the heap and its memory is freed by the constructor of the source.

### **void ReceiveXMLMessage(*const void\** pMessage, *const int* nMsgSize)**

A callback routine for XML messages from the server.

#### **Parameters**

Parameter	Definition
strMessage	The message in XML format

#### **void Connected()**

After the connect command has been issued some time passes until a connection is established. This message is called by the API when the connection is actually established. It is a callback routine.

#### **void Diconnected()**

If the link to the server is broken or stopped, this function is called by the API. It is a callback routine.

#### **void Timeout()**

If the link to the server cannot be established, this message is called by the API. It is a callback routine.

---

## **XML Message Format**

This parameter is passed from the client to the server during initialization. It specifies how the server will format XML messages which are sent to the client.

---

**Note:** This parameter has no effect on the messages sent to the server.

---

## **XMLFormatting**

```

typedef struct {
    bool      bHeader;
    bool      bIndent;
    XMLEncoding Encoding;
    XMLEOLType EOL;
} XMLFormatting;

```

#### **bHeader**

If true, the XML header ("<?xml version=..."") is sent, otherwise not.

#### **bIndent**

If true, the XML message has indent depending on the tags, otherwise not.

#### **Encoding**

The encoding of the XML message.

#### **EOL**

Type of end-of-line; used if **bIndent** is true.

## **XMLEncoding**

```

typedef enum XMLEncoding {
    Encoding_NONE,
    Encoding_UTF8,
    Encoding_UTF16,
    Encoding_UNICODE
};

```

Possible encodings are NONE (ASCII), UTF-8 (recommended), UTF-16 and UNICODE.

**Note:** "NONE" should not be used as messages exist containing Unicode characters and it is automatically replaced with "UTF-8".

## XMLEOLType

```
typedef enum XMLEOLType {
    EOL_CRLF,
    EOL_LF
};
```

Valid end-of-line types are EOL\_CRLF (Carriage Return + Line Feed) or EOL\_LF (Line Feed).

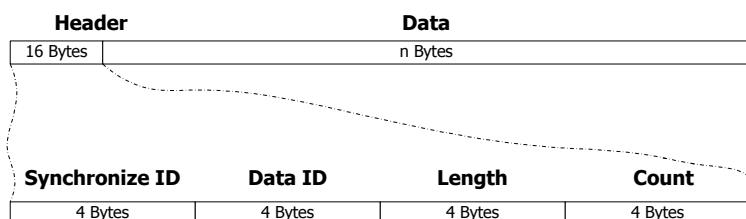
## XML Remote Control Interface

This section is directed at client application programmers wishing to avoid using any of the client interfaces provided by WAVECOM.

**Note:** If you use this interface make sure that the server is running without encryption and compression. These features may be enabled or disabled using the WAVECOM ServerControl application.

The application runs on Windows systems and therefore the byte order is little endian. If you develop for a system that uses big endian byte order, this issue has to be considered.

## Data Package Protocol



Messages greater than 32,768 Bytes (32 kB) must be split into multiple packages.

### Protocol fields

#### **Synchronize ID**

Synchronize ID signals the beginning of a new message and has a static value of 0x27832734.

#### **Data ID**

Data ID specifies which packages belong to the same message. It has a unique value between 0 and 0xFFFFFFFFFC. 0xFFFFFFFFFD - 0xFFFFFFFF are reserved for special messages.

#### **Idle Message (0xFFFFFFFFD)**

If no messages are received for a while an idle message is sent.

#### **Quit Message (0xFFFFFFFEB)**

Quits the connection.

#### **Watchdog Message (0xFFFFFFFFF)**

If no messages are sent for a while a watchdog message is sent.

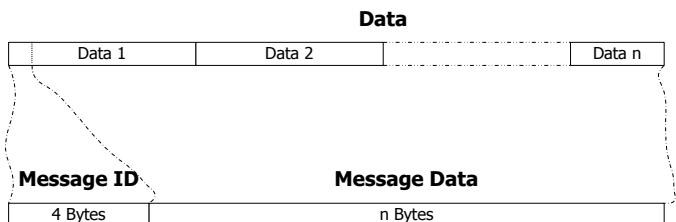
#### **Length**

Length of the data following this field.

#### **Count**

Number of packages belonging to a message.

## Messages



### ***Wait for client initialization (Server ⇒ Client)***

Label	Data	Data Type
Message ID	0x00100000	
Data Length	0	
Data Content	-	

After the client is connected to the server, the server sends the client this message. It tells the client to initialize itself and send the initialization information to the server.

### ***Initialize (Server ⇒ Client)***

Label	Data	Data Type
Message ID	0x00100001	
Data Length	>28 Bytes	
Data Content	connection info server version major server version minor protocol version major protocol version minor server build id length of build date build date length of build time build time length of sw release software release length of card type card type	DWORD BYTE BYTE BYTE BYTE signed int (32 bit) DWORD String DWORD String DWORD String DWORD String

Label	Permissions	Bit Pattern
Connection Info	Read (from Card) Permission Bit Write (to Card) Permission Bit Configure (Server) Permission Bit Message Content Encryption Bit Message Content Compression Bit	0x00000001 0x00000002 0x00000004 0x00000010 0x00000020

The server informs the client about the connection, the versions of the server and which card is used. The connection information specifies which permissions the client have and how data is transferred. At present there are no restrictions, though all the permission bits should be set except the encryption and compression bits, which should not be set. If they are set the server must be configured to no compression and no encryption.

### ***Error (Server ⇒ Client)***

Label	Data	Data Type
Message ID	0x00100003	

Data Length	292 Bytes	
Data Content	Error ID Error Short Description Error Description	DWORD 32 Byte 256 Byte

### Initialize (Client ⇒ Server)

Label	Data	Data Type
Message ID	0x00200000	
Data Length	> 28 Bytes	
Data Content	Length of user name User name Length of password Password hashed Major server version Minor server version Server build id XML format Minor XML version Major XML version	DWORD STRING DWORD STRING BYTE BYTE signed int (32 bit) 10 BYTE WORD WORD
XML format	Header Indent Encoding End-of-line type	BYTE BYTE int (enum) (4 Bytes) int (enum) (4 Bytes)

In a future release it is planned to implement authorization on the server, therefore the client has to authorize itself during initialization. Currently an empty string has to be passed for user name and password, which will be recognized as user "everyone".

A check is done to ensure the client is compatible with the server. The actual check depends on the value passed in the build id parameter. If the build id is less than zero a check is done for major and minor server version compatibility, otherwise the check is done for build id equality. The client is considered compatible with the server if the major versions are the same and the minor version of the server is higher than that of the client. The server recognizes and supports messages, which were defined in the same major and the minor version up to and including the actual version. The same is true for the XML protocol version.

The XML format parameter is used by the client to define how the XML messages from the server will be formatted.

#### Header

If true (non-zero) the XML header ("<?xml version=..."") is sent, otherwise not.

#### Indent

If true (non-zero) the XML message has indent depending on the tags, otherwise not.

#### Encoding

The encoding of the XML message. The following values are valid:

- 0 : ASCII (not recommended)
- 1 : UTF-8 (recommended)
- 2 : UTF-16
- 3 : Unicode

#### EOL type

Type of end-of-line. Can only be used if indent is true. The following values are possible:

- 0 : Carriage return and a line feed
- 1 : Line feed

### Ready (Client ⇒ Server)

Label	Data	Data Type
Message ID	0x00200002	
Data Length	0	
Data Content	-	

## WAVECOM XML Message (Server↔Client)

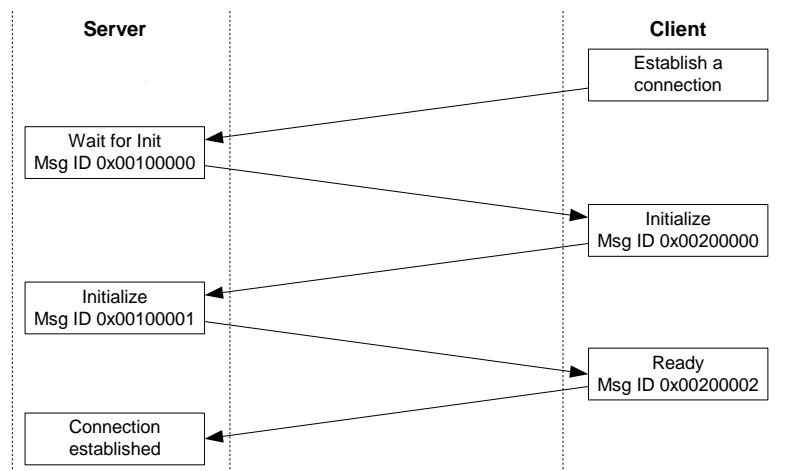
Label	Data	Data Type
Message ID	0x030000XX	
Data Length	Specific and message dependent	
Data Content	-	

The least significant byte is used for marking special messages for internal purposes in the server.

## Connecting to the server

After connecting via TCP/IP to the WAVECOM server, specific startup steps must be executed before a client is properly connected to the server.

### Startup procedure



### “Wait for Init“ message received from the server

```

Header:
synchronize id : 34 27 83 27 (0x2783'2734)
data id        : 01 00 00 00 (0x0000'0001)
Length         : 04 00 00 00 (0x0000'0004)
Count          : 01 00 00 00 (0x0000'0001)
Data:
Message ID     : 00 00 10 00 (0x0010'0000)

```

### “Initialize“ message sent to the server

```

Header:
synchronize id : 34 27 83 27 (0x2783'2734)
data id         : 01 00 00 00 (0x0000'0001)
Length          : 20 00 00 00 (0x0000'0020)
Count           : 01 00 00 00 (0x0000'0001)
Data:
Message ID     : 00 00 20 00 (0x0020'0000)
Message Data   :
length of user name : 00 00 00 00
length of password  : 00 00 00 00
major server version : 01
minor server version : 02
server build id    : ff ff ff ff (-1)
header            : 00 (no)
indent             : 01 (yes)
encoding           : 01 00 00 00 (utf-8)
end of line type   : 01 00 00 00 (line feed)
minor XML version  : 00 00
major XML version   : 01 00

```

### ***“Initialize” message received from the server***

```

Header:
synchronize id : 34 27 83 27 (0x2783'2734)
data id         : 02 00 00 00 (0x0000'0002)
Length          : 3e 00 00 00 (0x0000'003e)
Count           : 01 00 00 00 (0x0000'0001)
Data:
Message ID     : 01 00 10 00 (0x0010'0001)
Message Data   :
connection info      : 07 00 00 00 (read/write and configure permission)
major server version : 01
minor server version : 02
major protocol version : 01
minor protocol version : 00
server build id    : f8 0c 00 00 (0xcf8 => 3320)
length of build date : 0b 00 00 00 (0xb => 11)
build date        : 32 39 20 4a 75 6c 20 32 30 30 35 ("29 Jul 2005")
length of build time  : 08 00 00 00 (0x8 => 8)
build time        : 30 36 3a 34 37 3a 30 30 ("06:47:00")
length of sw release : 06 00 00 00 (0x6 => 6)
sw release         : 36 2e 32 2e 30 30 ("6.2.00")
length of card type  : 05 00 00 00 (0x5 => 5)
card type          : 57 35 31 50 43 ("W51PC")

```

### ***“Ready” message sent to the server***

```

Header:
synchronize id : 34 27 83 27 (0x2783'2734)
data id         : 02 00 00 00 (0x0000'0002)
Length          : 04 00 00 00 (0x0000'0004)
Count           : 01 00 00 00 (0x0000'0001)
Data:
Message ID     : 02 00 20 00 (0x0020'0002)

```

# **Sample Code**

Sample code for the C, C++ and C# .NET APIs is included with the XMLRCI SDK and is installed at installation time. The samples contain complete solutions for MS Visual Studio.

# XML command samples

## CONNECT TO CARD

```
<Message version="1.0">
  <Command>
    <Connect>
      <Card serial-nr="0210125807"/>
    </Connect>
  </Command>
</Message>
```

## GET STATUS

```
<Message version="1.0">
  <Command>
    <Get element="card status"/>
  </Command>
</Message>
```

## SET FFT

```
<Message version="1.0">
  <Command>
    <Set>
      <ParameterList>
        <Parameter name="code" value="hf-analysis-fft"/>
        <Parameter name="modulation" value="fft"/>
        <Parameter name="input" value="inp1"/>
        <Parameter name="translation" value="0"/>
      </ParameterList>
    </Set>
  </Command>
</Message>
```

## SET BITSTREAM

```
<Message version="1.0">
  <Command>
    <Set>
      <ParameterList>
        <Parameter name="code" value="hf-analysis-bit-stream"/>
        <Parameter name="modulation" value="ms"/>
        <Parameter name="bandwidth" value="2800"/>
        <Parameter name="auto-mode" value="on"/>
        <Parameter name="input" value="inp1"/>
        <Parameter name="translation" value="0"/>
      </ParameterList>
    </Set>
  </Command>
</Message>
```

## SET FFTs PER SECOND

```
<Message version="1.0">
  <Command>
    <Set>
      <Configuration fft-intervall-per-second="0"/>
    </Set>
  </Command>
</Message>
```

## GET METADATA FOR FEC-A

```
<Message version="1.0">
  <Command>
    <Get item="metadata" information="code" additional-information="fec-a"/>
  </Command>
</Message>
```

## GET METADATA CODELIST

```
<Message version="1.0">
```

```

<Command>
<Get item="metadata" information="code-list"/>
</Command></Message>

```

## SET FEC-A

<Message version="1.0">

```

<Command>
<Set>
<ParameterList>
<Parameter name="code" value="fec-a"/>
<Parameter name="alphabet" value="ita2-latin"/>
<Parameter name="auto-mode" value="on"/>
<Parameter name="input" value="inp1"/>
<Parameter name="translation" value="0"/>
<Parameter name="modulation" value="ms"/>
<Parameter name="shift-register" value="72"/>
</ParameterList>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>

```

## SET BAUDOT

<Message version="1.0">

```

<Command>
<Set>
<ParameterList>
<Parameter name="code" value="baudot"/>
<Parameter name="alphabet" value="ita2-latin"/>
<Parameter name="auto-mode" value="on"/>
<Parameter name="input" value="inp1"/>
<Parameter name="translation" value="0"/>
<Parameter name="modulation" value="ms"/>
</ParameterList>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>

```

## SET COQUELET-8

```

<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Set>
<ParameterList>
<Parameter name="code" value="coquelet-8"/>
<Parameter name="alphabet" value="arabic-atu-80"/>
<Parameter name="input" value="inp1"/>
<Parameter name="translation" value="0"/>
<Parameter name="center" value="1100.0000"/>
<Parameter name="speed" value="37.50000"/>
</ParameterList>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>

```

## SET PACKET-9600

<Message version="1.0">

```

<Command>
<Set>
<ParameterList>
<Parameter name="code" value="packet-9600"/>
<Parameter name="input" value="inp1"/>
<Parameter name="translation" value="11000"/>
<Parameter name="speed" value="9600"/>
</ParameterList>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>

```

## SET CCIR-1

<Message version="1.0">

```

<Command>
<Set>
<ParameterList>
<Parameter name="code" value="ccir-1"/>
<Parameter name="input" value="inp1"/>
<Parameter name="translation" value="0"/>
</ParameterList>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>

```

## SET INMARSAT-C-TDM

<Message version="1.0">

```

<Command>
<Set>
<ParameterList>
<Parameter name="code" value="sat-c-tdm"/>
<Parameter name="input" value="inp1"/>
<Parameter name="translation" value="10000"/>
<Parameter name="display-format" value="ascii"/>
</ParameterList>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>

```

## SET PACTOR-II

<Message version="1.0">

```

<Command>
<Set>
<ParameterList>
<Parameter name="code" value="pactor-II"/>
<Parameter name="alphabet" value="ita5-german"/>
<Parameter name="afc" value="on"/>
<Parameter name="input" value="inp1"/>
<Parameter name="translation" value="0"/>
<Parameter name="center" value="1295"/>
</ParameterList>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>

```

## SET PSK-31

<Message version="1.0">

```

<Command>
<Set>
<ParameterList>
<Parameter name="code" value="psk-31"/>
<Parameter name="input" value="inp1"/>
<Parameter name="translation" value="0"/>
<Parameter name="center" value="1000"/>
<Parameter name="modulation" value="dbpsk"/>
</ParameterList>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>

```

## SET MIL-188-110A

<Message version="1.0">

```

<Command>
<Set>
<ParameterList>
<Parameter name="code" value="mil-188-110a"/>
<Parameter name="display-format" value="ascii"/>
<Parameter name="polarity" value="normal"/>
<Parameter name="input" value="inp1"/>
<Parameter name="translation" value="0"/>
<Parameter name="center" value="1800"/>
</ParameterList>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>

```

## SET INMARSAT-MINI-M

<Message version="1.0">

```

<Command>
<Set>
<ParameterList>
<Parameter name="code" value="sat-mini-m"/>
<Parameter name="input" value="inp1"/>
<Parameter name="translation" value="12000"/>
</ParameterList>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>

```

## SET ALS

<Message version="1.0">

```

<Command>
<Set>
<ParameterList>
<Parameter name="als" value="start"/>
<Parameter name="input" value="inp1"/>
</ParameterList>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>
// wait a few seconds until the level is set
<Message version="1.0">
<Command>
<Set>
<ParameterList>
<Parameter name="als" value="stop"/>
</ParameterList>
</Set>
</Command>
</Message>

```

## GET STATUS

```
<Get item="card status"/>
```

## SET FFTs PER SECOND

```
<Configuration fft-interval-per-second="0"/>
```

## XML RCI Image Modes

This section describes the picture data sent through the XML remote control interface. The image modes are divided into two groups:

- Left-to-right codes (FELD-HELL, FM-HELL)
- Top-down codes (NOAA-GEOSAT, PRESSFAX, SSTV, WEATHER-FAX)

### Left-to-right codes

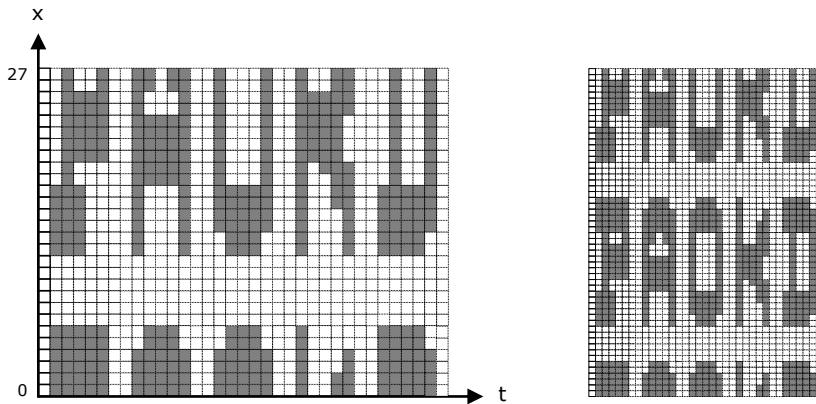
When working with one of these modes, the XML messages will look like this:

```

<Message version="1.0">
<Data>
<Graphic type="Fax">
<AxisInfo count="1">
<Axis name="x" unit="pixel" max="" min="" />
</AxisInfo>
<GraphicData count="28">
<Point x="0" rgb="0x383838"/>
<Point x="1" rgb="0x505050"/>
<Point x="2" rgb="0x545454"/>
<Point x="3" rgb="0x505050"/>
<Point x="4" rgb="0x505050"/>
<Point x="5" rgb="0x343434"/>
<Point x="6" rgb="0x040404"/>
<Point x="7" rgb="0x000000"/>
<Point x="8" rgb="0x040404"/>
<Point x="9" rgb="0x000000"/>
<Point x="10" rgb="0x000000"/>
<Point x="11" rgb="0x040404"/>
<Point x="12" rgb="0x343434"/>
<Point x="13" rgb="0x505050"/>
<Point x="14" rgb="0x505050"/>
<Point x="15" rgb="0x4C4C4C"/>
<Point x="16" rgb="0x505050"/>
<Point x="17" rgb="0x4C4C4C"/>
<Point x="18" rgb="0x4C4C4C"/>
<Point x="19" rgb="0x4C4C4C"/>
<Point x="20" rgb="0x4C4C4C"/>
<Point x="21" rgb="0x4C4C4C"/>
<Point x="22" rgb="0x4C4C4C"/>
<Point x="23" rgb="0x4C4C4C"/>
<Point x="24" rgb="0x4C4C4C"/>
<Point x="25" rgb="0x4C4C4C"/>
<Point x="26" rgb="0x4C4C4C"/>
<Point x="27" rgb="0x4C4C4C"/>
</GraphicData>
</Graphic>
</Data>
</Message>

```

The message consists of 28 points (pixels) that build a column of the picture. The color of the pixel is described as a RGB value in hexadecimal. If a change from white to black is desired, then the polarity parameter of the code needs to be changed. The illustrations below show how the final image is constructed from 35 consecutive messages:



As shown on the left side illustration above, the message text will be cut and shifted. There is no synchronization marker in a FELD-HELL or FM-HELL radio signal, thus it is impossible to avoid this problem while decoding the signal. The easiest solution is to display the image twice, one below the other, as shown on the right side illustration.

## Top-down codes

The XML messages for these modes are the same as for FELD-HELL or FM-HELL, but they must be processed differently. One XML message contains a single row of the final image, i.e. the direction of the x-axis has changed.

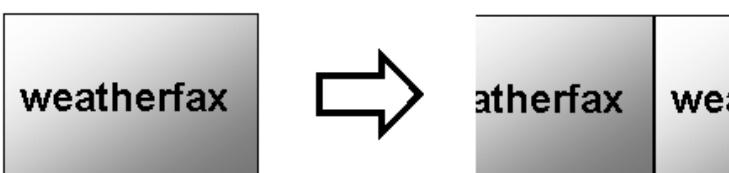


### Number of pixels per line

Code	Pixels per line (same as pixel per message)
NOAA-GEOSAT	2000
PRESSFAX	1000
SSTV	320
WEATHER-FAX	2000

When changing the drum speed in PRESS-FAX or WEATHER-FAX, the messages will still contain 1000 or 2000 pixels, but the number of messages per second will change.

Because there are no synchronization signals in these codes, it is impossible to determine the start of the image. The result may be shifted and needs to be corrected manually after reception.



# Appendix

---

## Conditions of Sale

### General

These general conditions of sales are binding if no other conditions have been declared as applicable in the offer or the confirmation of WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG.

Customer orders are binding only if WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG has confirmed them in writing.

These general conditions of sales shipping are valid from the 1st of January 2001.

### Prices

The list prices are net, and exclude VAT, shipping and packing costs, unless otherwise arranged. WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG reserves the right to adapt the prices to offset concrete cost increases (for example, salaries, material costs, exchange rate fluctuations).

### Delivery time

The delivery time is specified in the confirmation of order/contract. The delivery time may be extended due to unforeseen circumstances such as acts of God (epidemic, earthquake, etc), war, as well as delivery delays from our material suppliers.

### Dispatch

The method of dispatch may be selected by the customer. Without any shipping instructions from the customer, we reserve us the right to arrange the dispatch by any forwarder/courier of our choice. Any complaints regarding damage, delays or loss must be forwarded to WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG in written form within 48h from the receipt of the goods. Complaints of suspected bad packing must be forwarded to WAVECOM on the date of receipt.

## **Return of goods**

The return of defect goods requires written approval of WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG before the dispatch. For a return during the warranty period, the costs of the shipping the item(s) back to the customer will be paid by WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG. The charges for the shipping the item(s) to WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG must be paid by the customer. For goods returned after the warranty period, the shipping costs for both ways must be fully paid by the customer.

## **Payments**

Customer order can only be accepted against advance payment by bank or post, Letter of Credit, check or credit card. For Letter of credit payments, we charge a general administration fee of a minimum of CHF 500.00.

## **Reservation of ownership**

The delivered goods remain the property of WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG until the invoice total is fully paid.

## **Cancellation**

Cancellations of orders must be made in writing and have to be confirmed by WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG. Any additional administrative costs already incurred by WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG, must be paid by the customer.

## **Changes of order Quantities**

Changes in the quantities of an order already placed may result in a change of the applicable discount. The unit cost may be adjusted to reflect this change.

## **Legal Domicile**

Legal Domicile is Buelach. The buyer declares that for any legal claim against WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG, he waives his legal domicile, and hereby accepts the legal domicile of Buelach. This contract is based on Swiss law.

## **Warranty**

Despite careful testing of our equipment, component or functional failures may occur. WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG grants you a warranty for a period of 24 months from date of delivery. Defective components will be replaced or repaired free of charge. No liability is taken for any other claims which may arise due to consequential damage arising from the use of this product. Damage resulting from non-authorized modifications to this equipment by third parties is hereby disclaimed.

Shipping costs for equipment returned to WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG will be paid by the customer. In case of repairs within the warranty period, WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG will carry the costs of return shipping to the customer.

## **Obligation**

The products of WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG are sold on the basis of technical specifications valid at the time of sale. WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG has no obligations to upgrade or modify equipment already sold.

## **Copyright**

The software of the W41PC decoder is the intellectual property of WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG and protected by international copyright law. Any copying of the software is prohibited without the express and prior consent in writing of WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG and punishable by law. In addition all warranty claims will become void.

## **Liability**

Information contained on this publication may be changed at any time without prior notice. Despite careful preparation, this publication may contain errors or omissions and WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG is not liable for any resulting losses or damages.

## **Laws and Regulations**

Before using our equipment, take note of the laws and regulations of telecommunications authorities in your country. It is the responsibility of the users of the equipment to determine whether the reception of the transmissions which may be decoded, is permitted or not. The manufacturer or vendor is not liable for violations of law of copyright or telecommunication regulations.

---

## **Addresses and Dealer**

### **Manufacturer and International Distribution**

WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG

Hammerstrasse 8

CH-8180 Buelach

Switzerland

Phone: +41-44-872 70 60

Fax: +41-44-872 70 66

E-mail: [info@wavecom.ch](mailto:info@wavecom.ch)

Web: [www.wavecom.ch](http://www.wavecom.ch)

### **WAVECOM Distributor**

Please, check our distributor list on the Internet at [www.WAVECOM.ch](http://www.WAVECOM.ch)

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## **Documentation**

W-CODE Manual V7.1

WAVECOM ELEKTRONIK AG

---

## **Literature**

David Hunter

BEGINNING XML 2nd EDITION

ISBN: 0-7645-4394-6

Wiley Publishing, Indianapolis



# Glossary of Terms

## **base16**

Scheme used to transmit binary data. The hexadecimal number system is a base-16 numbering system. It is the numbering system used to condense binary bytes into a compact form for transmitting or analysis of computer data. It is composed of the numbers 0-9 and the letters A-F. Each "nibble" (4 bits) of a byte can be represented by one of the 16 digits.

## **base2**

Scheme used to transmit binary data. Every binary bit is represented as a character of "0" or "1". The data volume grows by factor 8, i.e. for every binary byte, a character string of 8 bytes is generated.

## **base64**

Scheme used to transmit binary data. Base64 processes data as 24-bit groups, mapping this data to four encoded characters. It is sometimes referred to as 3-to-4 encoding. Each 6 bits of the 24-bit group is used as an index into a mapping table (the base64 alphabet) to obtain a character for the encoded data.

## **base64-mime**

Scheme used to transmit binary data. Same principle as base64 with one little difference, it's the way how the ends of the encoded strings looks like. Both techniques use the same character set but base64-mime follows the specification made for SMTP messages. It aligns the string to 4 characters and fills the unused with the padding character "=", base64 cuts down the characters to the only needed ones depending on the number of bits.

## **DTD**

Can accompany a document, essentially defining the rules of the document, such as which elements are present and the structural relationship between the elements. It defines what tags can go in a XML document, what tags can contain other tags, the number and sequence of the tags, the attributes a tag can have, and optionally, the values those attributes can have.

## **RGB**

A color perceived by the human eye can be defined by a linear combination of the three primary colors red, green and blue. These three colors form the basis for the RGB-colorspace.

## **Unicode**

Unicode is a character code that defines every character in most of the speaking languages in the world. Although commonly thought to be only a two-byte coding system, Unicode characters can use only one byte, or up to four bytes, to hold a Unicode "code point" (see UTF-8 and UTF-16). The code point is a unique number for a character or some character aspect such as an accent mark or ligature. Unicode supports more than a million code points, which are written with a "U" followed by a plus sign and the number in hex; for example, the word "Hello" is written U+0048 U+0065 U+006C U+006C U+006F.

## **UTF-16**

This is a fixed-length character encoding for unicode. It is able to represent any universal character in the Unicode standard. UTF-16 uses two bytes per character.

## **UTF-8**

This is a variable-length character encoding for Unicode. It is able to represent any universal character in the Unicode standard, yet is backwards compatible with ASCII. UTF-8 uses one to four bytes per character, depending on the Unicode symbol. For example, only one byte is needed to encode the 128 US-ASCII characters in the Unicode range U+0000 to U+007F.

## **Well-formed**

A textual object is a well-formed XML document if: Taken as a whole, it matches the production labeled document It meets all the well-formedness constraints given in this specification.

## **XML**

The Extensible Markup Language (XML) is a subset of SGML XML has been designed for ease of implementation and for interoperability with both SGML and HTML.

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